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GOD IS LOVE AND NOTHING ELSE

PRaise THE LORD.

LETTER FROM GEORGE O. BARNES

DAYTON, KY., SEPT. 10, 1888.

DEAR INTERIOR:—While I am about it, let me add something to that written in my last, touching the "letter" of Scripture that "killeth," and the "spirit" that "giveth life." We all need to learn anew how to read our Bibles. What I write now may be helpful to some, if misunderstood by others. Col. Ingersoll has made fun of it, long ago, as stated from an orthodox standpoint. Perhaps if it meets his eye he may be disposed to look with more lenience upon it, presented from another side, where his sense of right is not outraged, to begin with. The question, as all thoughtful men know, is—how did it ever come to pass that God, whose "mercy endureth forever," became even the ostensible perpetrator or commander of fiendish atrocities, that curdle the blood to read of them? It will help us to understand the subject, here only briefly touched upon, if we remember that this is the inviolable method resorted to by a wise Father in breaking up the accumulated bad habits of a wayward son, whom He has patience to save. Precipitance and a harsh show of authority is simply fatal. For there is a free will opposed, that LOVE must win over, and that can never be coerced. Therefore the Father "whisks at" many a thing he utterly disapproves, if only he can make another point triumphantly, while not insisting upon the obvious but unassailable fact, that has to be carefully waited upon, till fitting opportunity arrives to assault it successfully. Thus God has to save us, or not at all.

Let us, then, take up the least offensive point in Old Testament history—the command to abstain from certain meats, while others seemed "permitted." By stepping on the first round of the ladder of obnoxious command, we may be able to attain by graded steps to those which before seemed clean out of grasp.

Let us understand, before going further, that the Children of Israel were an untrained, grovelling mob of abject slaves; degraded by generations of cruel servitude, and coming out of Egypt in need of the most careful tuition in the "first principles" of the doctrine of Christ. These, by grace, have become such household words to us that we will find it difficult, if not impossible, to appreciate the material with which Jehovah had to deal. The words of the Apostle give us a hint, in a simple sentence, of what they were, when, describing their wanderings, he says: "He (Jehovah) suffered their manners in the wilderness 40 years"—or as the margin has it, "bore them in His arms as a nurse" would a fretful, peevish, foolish child.

Now, suppose Jehovah undertook to bring that selfish camp of lately emancipated slaves into tender sympathy with Himself with regard to the helpless, lower animal creation, how better could He do it than forbidding them to eat a certain specified series of classes of those creatures at all; leaving, however, as a "soup to Cereberus," the cleanest feeders and most toothsome to satisfy their carnivorous propensities. The restraint would be good and salutary, as far as it went, in two points: 1. It would lessen to that extent carnivorous tastes, in themselves, unnatural and dreadfully revolting, though long habit has well nigh eradicated conscience in this matter, with the best of us. 2. It would by the working of a law that we know something of, curb and limit to that extent those passions and tempers that thrive most luxuriantly on certain classes of flesh. Hence it has long been seen that the forbidden and permitted foods of the "Mosaic Code" follow a "natural law" of selection and rejection, that, in itself, indicates to a certain extent what is wholesome, or the reverse. We grow, in a measure, like that we feed on. Savages, the world around, feed by choice on fresh swine's flesh, the grossest of all meats; and it seems, in turn, to keep them perpetual savages. The brutal Canaanites nourished a race of physical giants on swine's flesh and the ferocious islanders of the Pacific prefer it to all others. This, therefore, was forbidden and its disuse has ever been a marked feature in the history of Israel. Thus as the skillful angler attempts with an attenuated thread, threatening a snap at any moment, to draw a great fish to land, Jehovah drew Israel with "words of love," strong in themselves, but made weak by Israel's unbelief.

These denials of the flesh pointed, not uncertainly, to the time when the "wolf was to lie down with the lamb" and "man, the noblest animal of all, should no longer feed upon the carcasses of lower animals, but on the clean products of the earth. Alas! that unbelief has balked Jehovah in this progressive educational course! But one can plainly see what Jehovah intended to bring to pass, by these restrictions, had Israel only "come up to His help

against the mighty," instead of following Him by their obstinacy. Here, then, we come to the central question of whether Jehovah permitted His people to eat the flesh of animals? I answer "No! He only forbade its use. At first, only in part; but ever with His eye on all the rest—to be forbidden, "in due time." Israel's failure in allowing Him to carry out His plan does not affect the question of His intentions, in the least. "Shall their unbelief make the merciful purposes of Jehovah of none effect?" God forbid!

Looked at from this standpoint, how it relieves us in meditating on God's character! We see Him, as ever, solicitous for the lives of His creatures, and going on as fast as our "slowness of heart" will permit, to a consummation, when the last vestige of cruelty, or carnivorousness will forever vanish from the scene and "God will be all in all." Thus will it be when man's consent shall bring in the day of God's power. Remember, even "Almighty God" can only work first to will and second to do in us; whatever He may do out of us, His Almightiness waits on our wills, beyond a doubt. Only thus can He work and be Himself—while we are ourselves. How this one view, from the lowest round of the ladder, begins to clear the prospect!

Now apply it to other things. Take the case of victory in fight. Such experiences were constantly coming to the front. The good LORD saved all He could with the people He had to deal with, conquering and conquering. Savages flushed with victory are hard to deal with while wills are free. All know what even "civilized" soldiers in the mad hour of successful conflict are. Fiends incarnate. Bad blood, boiling with strife, so recent, that all restraints are thrown off. A city given up to sackings of soldiery is simply "hell upon earth." No general but a Napoleon can so much as partially restrain them. What can even Jehovah do, with such material in a savage state, and He shut up to one way of dealing with them, viz: unappeal to their unchained wills, which rage like unchained tigers? To save a part is all He can do, at first, as in the case of the eating of animal food, while dealing with such maddened creatures. Add to this the "full cup of iniquities" filled to the brim, the Bible speaks of, so that Satan had a right to come in and claim his proprietorship in the Canaanites, and you have a state of things that will fairly explain the carnage of an Israelitish battle. The human race now is educated beyond a few of these awful points—a very few, alas! and "civilized warfare"—God says the worst—withholds its red hand from a few things the Israelites did. Yet only a few, I repeat it, after all. The education is slow. The Cassacks, of Russia, would to-day do more atrociously than Israel at her worst. And an army of English soldiers and Indian Sepoys commingled, looting Delhi is hardly behind the sacking of a city of Canaan, in the olden time. But odious comparisons will not avail to settle the question which continues thus: Did God have an approving hand in it, then or now? I answer "No" a thousand times "no." He would all He could—furthering certain excesses as His wretched creatures were able to bear and obey His commands. Gladly would He have saved all. But He could not, any more than Christ could save Jerusalem, or do "many mighty works" in a city that rejected Him. His eye was fixed disapprovingly on all slaughter. His standard was that of Jesus, Matt. 5, where, one cheek smitten, the other is turned. But man is man, alas! and even Jehovah must wait on His creatures. How this view clears the prospect from another round of the ladder! So we may go up and up, each step revealing our God apparently committing and even commanding wrong, until we get the clue. And then He is seen at every step forbidding wrong; and the Jehovah of the O. T., as of the New, says at every turn: "I am come not to destroy men's lives, but to save them."

And Jesus, the gentle and compassionate, is no longer seen as an improved and revised edition of the Jehovah of the Jews; but the very same, only now "God manifest in the flesh" and no longer seen in twilight shadows, "thru" a glass darkly," but "face to face." This which was "in the beginning, and ever shall be the world without end," is recognized to be ever the same God. Only now "we have seen, we have looked upon and our hands have handled of the word of life." The darkness is gone and the "true light that lighteth every man that cometh into the world" is come, to abide with us for evermore, revealing an "unknown God," Whom the "world by wisdom" never knew, nor can know. For He is "Spirit" and only "Spiritually discerned." But once come the "times of ignorance" once "winked at" disappear forever.

I think I can take the above principle, thus briefly and imperfectly indicated, and run it through and through the Bible and at each trial it will yield a fair and reasonable solution of the great difficulty—that difficulty, be it always remembered, being to clear our God of all complicity with the savagery so justly and eloquently denounced by Col. Ingersoll; and now seen to be no longer Jehovah's will or wish, but every sad conversion only the measure of His still-necked children. I do not say that this solution will be entirely satisfactory to reason alone. This is the colonel's foundation stone, which I am obliged to disturb. For to say that reason, or the mind, is the part of us that alone, or even chiefly, recognizes, or rejects God, is to ignore our real makeup. All experience endorses what Scripture expressly asserts, that man is a complex being of, 1. Spirit; 2. Soul; 3. Body. The only part of man that, like the solitary window of the Ark, opens out directly upon God, is our SPIRITUAL side. Much afterwards may subsidiarily be received and enjoyed, mentally, or soulishly; and much by the body, which, alike, shares in the ecstasy of knowing God. But THE SPIRIT ALONE KNOWS GOD, INDEPENDENTLY OF EITHER SOUL OR BODY. This is the part of us we call by the indefinite but true name of our "better nature." It is indeed such, for it is "Emanuel-God in us." Developed to its most perfect state when Christ "dwells" first, "in our hearts by faith" and, 2d, "Changes our vile bodies" and makes them like His own. Then the pure Spirit, always pure; but ever in this earthly condition, imprisoned by a sinful soul, and a diseased body, shall have environments befitting its origin and nature, and be at rest. Until then it stretches out yearning hands towards God, "sighing by reason of its bondage" and longing for complete deliverance; comforted betimes by "The Comforter," "witnessing with it," bestowing an "earnest" of final deliverance, and otherwise soothing the sorrows of its long imprisonment; yet ever as we no better than "spirits in prison," or "prisoners of hope" till that deliverance shall come; as thank God, it will; since a "believer shall come out of Zion and turn away ungodliness from Jacob," in due time; and out of the "bondage of corruption" shall issue the once fettered "image and likeness" of God. Not it is not reason that knows God. He is only *spiritually* discerned. And here I am met with the fair and searching question, "Have you not made out an ideal God, and one not revealed in the Bible?" This is my answer:

Everything good in this world is in a mist and fog of concealment. "Men as trees are walking," ever in this imperfect stage of cure. "Now," we see this in a glass darkly. Only "then face to face."

There is something in our Savior Jesus whenever we look at Him, that does not meet the eye. Even His disciples knew Him with a feebleness of knowledge that once and again surprises us. His own mother is puzzled as she looks upon Him. His brothers and sisters believe not in Him. His own receive Him not. The world was made by Him, but knew Him not. Whence this almost universal ignorance? The answer can only be—He came in disguise. An "open secret," as one has called Him; seen by many; known by few. "Whom do men say that I the Son of Man am?" He asked; and only I in 12 dared to speak boldly and without hesitation. And I in 12 only received a blessing for that heavenly courage; for SPEAKING, as all were taught of the Father, but only I was brave enough to CONFESS OPENLY.

As was the LIVING WORD so the WRITTEN. To expect, in this devil's world, now governed by the "ruler" of its "darkness," a Book transparently clear, would be to look for the impossible. As well demand that the mingled mysteries of good and evil; light and darkness; wrong and right; death and life, that cross our pathway every 50 yards we walk on earth, should vanish.

Jesus "spoke in parables" and "opened His mouth in dark sayings." How dark, we have an inkling in the sigh of relief with which His disciples said, on one occasion: "Now speakest Thou plainly and not in parables." Silly creatures! to add: "Now we know Thou art the Son of God!"—because their feeble souls or minds laid hold of a saying, which spoken on a higher plane, where spirit only could discern, was hidden.

Thus does nature ever reserve a pure walk "by faith," and barker for a communion from Heaven that REASON alone can grasp. But to constitute Reason, Arbitrator, Judge, Ruler, God, is to de-throne the rightful occupant and install a usurper in the place of authority. "Then the deluge," of course, for we cannot live without ruling; and a false ruler means ruin.

To return. This mystery and disguise—not in the thing disguised, but its environments—furnishes the clue to the real obscurities of the Bible. The rows of tomes that gather the "dust of ages" on library shelves witness to its doubtful meaning. But it is the best God can do in the way of a Revelation. 1. Because God always does His best. He would not be God else. 2. There are 14,000,000,000 of obstinate human wills ranged with more or less viciousness and willfulness against Him, creating such fogs and mists of ignorance that the only wonder is that even the light from the "Sun of Righteousness" can break through. That it does, at all, demonstrates the divinity of the splendor of that light. Thus, my answer is: It is so near God I forge, but a real God; only one Who "hides Himself" and around Whom "clouds of darkness" gather—so near Him—for "He is light and in Him is no darkness at all," but the obscurity is wholly that of befogged minds and wills, "led captive by the devil at his will," and groping like blind men at noonday. Our wisest are of our own manufacture, under the supervision of the devil.

(To be Continued.)

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(To be Continued.)

LANCASTER, GARRARD COUNTY.

—Our yellow fever contribution to date amounts to about \$75.

—Rev. W. H. Robe will preach at the Baptist church at 11 A. M. Sunday.

—Thieves broke into the grocery of L. C. Hopper Monday night and rifled the money drawer of a small sum.

—The Lancaster Mill & Elevator Co., have bought the flouring mills of Geo. Denny & Co. Price paid \$20,000. The present owners will operate the mills day and night.

—Capt. Daniel Murphy, of Kansas, formerly a representative of this county, is here on a visit. W. O. Bigney, our new undertaker, is in Cincinnati taking a course of lectures in the art of embalming. Mrs. Sallie Owsley has bought a plot in the Hill addition and will build at once.

—J. A. Nooe, prohibition candidate for Congress, opened the campaign here last Monday, speaking to an audience of about 100. He claims there is only a fraction of an issue between the two old parties; that prohibition is the irrepressible issue, and the only one now before the people. His speech was free from rant or abuse, and it was void of force and logic. His few attempts to show the condition of the country proved that he was not a statistician. He is undoubtedly a true man, and a gentleman with honesty of purpose, but it is evident that he does not possess information equal to the demands of his cause, or the tact necessary to a successful campaign. He demands an issue, charging that the old parties are wrangling without one, yet he attempts to raise an issue on a point that is not disputed; for both the old parties admit all that he claims will be gained by that which he desires—the discarding of whisky; and in discussing this branch of the question he argues a settled point. What Mr. Nooe needs to do is to apply himself to the task of convincing the people that the measure he proposes is the one that will produce the desired result. This is really the only issue between the prohibition and the other parties. I predict that in this county Nooe will have very much encouragement during the campaign, and very few votes at the end of it.

FOR SALE.

TRIG STORE, with good business, on easy terms. Can show best cash business of any drug store in the country. Cause of selling, ill health. Address LOCK BOX No. 77, Lancaster, Ky.

LEE F. HUFFMAN,

SURGEON DENTIST, STANFORD, KENTUCKY. Office south side Main, two doors above Depot St.

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Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Petroleum.

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Ask For Ayer's

Sarsaparilla, and be sure you get it, when you want the best blood-purifier. With its forty years of unexampled success in the cure of Blood Diseases, you can make no mistake in preferring Ayer's Sarsaparilla to any other. The fore-runner of modern blood medicines, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is still the most popular, being in greater demand than all others combined.

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla is selling faster than ever before. I never hesitate to recommend it."—George W. Whitman, Druggist, Albany, Ind.

"I am safe in saying that my sales of Ayer's Sarsaparilla far exceed those of any other, and it gives thorough satisfaction."—L. H. Bush, Des Moines, Iowa.

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills are the best selling medicines in my store. I can recommend them confidently."—C. Bickhams, Pharmacist, Roseland, Ill.

"We have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla here for over thirty years and always recommend it when asked to name the best blood-purifier."—W. T. McLean, Druggist, Augusta, Ohio.

I have sold your medicines for the last seventeen years, and always keep them in stock, as they are staples. There is nothing so good for the youthful blood" as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—R. L. Parker, Fox Lake, Wis.

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla gives the best satisfaction of any medicine I have in stock. I recommend it, or, as the Doctors say, 'I prescribe it over the counter.' It never fails to meet the cases for which I recommend it, even where the doctors' prescriptions have been of no avail."—C. F. Calloun, Monmouth, Kansas.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price 25¢; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

(To be Continued.)

A CARD.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT !!

TO THE PEOPLE OF LINCOLN

I have learned that there are rumors out that I don't intend to leave and sell out, but only advertise as a scheme to sell, more goods.

While the latter is true so far as selling is concerned, the former is not so. I say emphatically here again that unless something unavoidable should happen, I

WILL LEAVE STANFORD

in spite of all rumors to the contrary.

My goods will and must be sold as I don't intend to move any stock.

Every article will be sold regardless of cost, price or profit.

Cash I must have no matter what my loss may be.

Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, all share the same fate, nothing reserved.

If this is no chance

To Buy Goods for a Mere Song,

then there is no other argument necessary.

Please be on hand as early in the morning as possible to avoid the rush

SPECIAL CUT IN OVERCOATS AND LADIES' CLOAKS.

Fifty cents on the Dollar will buy them and some will be offered at 33 1-3 cents on the Dollar.

D. KLASS.

Opp. Myers House, Stanford.

A. R. PENNY, DRUGGIST & JEWELER.

DRUGS, BOOKS, STATIONERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &C.

Physicians prescriptions accurately compounded.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF WATCHES,

CLOCKS, JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

Ever brought to this market. Prices lower than the lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Repaired on short notice and warranted.

H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR

Is Receiving His

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Goods Warranted and a Perfect fit Guaranteed. Give him a Trial

W. P. WALTON.

The usual methods of delaying and thwarting justice has begun in the Dilger case at Louisville. His attorneys have secured a continuance till October 11, when they will move for a change of venue. It will be granted, of course; we never heard of a refusal to do so; he will not be ready when the case is called in the new county; there will be another six months' continuance and after interest in his diabolical murder of the two policemen begins to die out, a trial will be had with one man or more secured to hang the jury, or if convicted the court of appeals will reverse. He will apply for bail after that and get it, and when he chooses to be tried again the principal witnesses will have died or gone away and he will be acquitted. Mob law is always to be deplored, but there are some cases, at least, that would seem to invite it.

The Louisville Times states the issues between the parties thus succinctly: The democratic parties offers the working-man low taxes; the republican party offers him high taxes; the democratic party offers labor cheap clothing; the republican party offers labor cheap whiskey. The democratic party offers the manufacturer cheaper raw material and extended markets; the republican party offers the manufacturer taxed raw material and restricted markets. The democratic party offers the business interests a reduction of the surplus by a reduction of taxation; the republican party offers a reduction of the surplus by an increase of taxation. The democratic party offers to destroy trusts; the republican party offers to foster trusts. The democratic party is a friend of the people; the republican party is a friend of the monopoly.

The republican campaign committee, which employed Col. Ingersoll to make speeches for five weeks at \$1,000 a week, has gone back on its contract, and the colonel will orate no more. His utterances on the whiskey and other questions were not what the committee wanted, hence the hesitancy. The colonel himself says: "I am not going to make any political speeches. My tongue is a free one, and there wouldn't be any use trying to fetter it. I should say just what I believed on all the phases of the campaign, and that doesn't seem desirable—or at all events it isn't desired."

The Courier-Journal is doing a glorious work for the yellow fever sufferers. It has already sent them some \$4,000 and by its efforts induced the sending of much more. Yesterday at its suggestion the entire receipts of the Louisville Jockey Club races were donated to the sufferers and a concert under the direction of Col. Will S. Hayes given at Lederkratz Hall at night. Our people are about the only ones who have not opened their hearts nor their purses. It is not yet too late. Won't somebody take hold of the matter?

W. R. HAYNES, who styles himself a protective democrat, has announced himself a candidate against the regular democratic nominee in the 4th and hopes by disaffection in our party and radical votes to beat Montgomery. But he is reckoning strongly without his host. In 1886 on a light vote Montgomery beat his republican opponent 2,120 and it is not likely that this assistant republican can overcome that majority. Haynes is a blatherskite and a dupe, and that's about all he is.

THERE were 103 new cases of yellow fever and 7 deaths in Jacksonville Wednesday and only two new cases and no deaths at Decatur. The doctors say that the sickness at Jackson is not yellow fever and on the whole there is less excitement and fear in the South. The disease seems on the wane and the cool weather presages an early end of the scourge by the arrival of Jack Frost.

The republicans are counting on carrying Florida because a majority of the white people have fled from the yellow fever and the negroes can not get away. This is like a drowning man catching at straws. It is six weeks before the election and one good frost between now and then will restore the entire refugee population to the scourge-stricken State.

CARTH has been declared the democratic nominee in the 5th and Cussy Wilson has been pitted against him by the republicans, who hope to repeat the close contest of two years ago. But the democracy is united this time and Mr. Carth having made a good representative, will be returned by a majority that will silence the radical batteries.

The Williamsburg Times goes to the trouble to deny that it takes sides in politics. While it was at it, it might have added that it is so fearful that a coloring of a political character might be given its items that it refrains almost from publishing any at all.

THERE was a slight speck of war at Rio Grande City between the Mexicans and Texans, but the Governor's prompt response to call for troops soon restored quiet.

GEN. HARRISON will not go away from Indianapolis to make speeches. He is evidently in with the railroad corporations, which are running excursions to see him at a rate almost equal to paying a chimney for the fools to go.

Democratic Committee Meeting Called.
The members of the Democratic County Committee are requested to meet at the office of J. B. Paxton at 2 o'clock Monday, Oct. 1st. A full meeting is earnestly requested. T. D. NEWLAND, Chairman.

NEWS CONDENSED.

—Senator Beck is rapidly improving.
—The republicans will nominate Dick Ernst against Mr. Carlisle in the 6th.
—Milton Weston, the "millionaire convict," has been pardoned by Gov. Beaver of Pennsylvania.
—The will of W. G. Meier, the deceased tobacco man of Louisville, disposes of a million of dollars.

—Frost has appeared at various Southern points and it is hoped that the days of yellow jack are numbered.

—Mrs. Eva Gately, a wealthy widow, and her two children, were killed at a railroad crossing near Versailles.

—The Indiana campaign is a hummer. Twelve thousand speeches a week and a little quiet missionary work on Sunday is the average.

—The remains of 33 Confederates, who fell at Chickamauga, have been removed to Frankfort to sleep in the soil of their native State.

—A monument to the Confederate dead was unveiled at Staunton, Va., Monday. Gov. Lee and Gen. Early and Rosser delivered addresses.

—Mrs. Lena Schreiner, of Chicago, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for pouring kerosene over a drunken husband and then making a bonfire of him.

—Lewis Davis, taken to St. Louis six months ago to prevent him from being lynched for murder, was hung by a mob at Cuba, Mo., when he was brought back for trial.

—Felix Trainer, a man about 40 years of age, sent to jail in Baltimore on the charge of cruelty to his motherless children, jumped from the fourth tier of cells and dashed his brains out, as he ought to have done.

—Mr. Seuggs, of the firm of Gooch & Seuggs, contractors on the Kentucky Midland railway, had both eyes blown out and his face badly burned by the premature explosion of a blast at his works a few days ago.

—S. D. Gooch arrived from Central Kentucky last Saturday with 135 convicts for his construction camp on the Cumberland Valley extension, which will give him a working force of 300 hands. [Pineville Messenger.]

—Notwithstanding heavy purchases of bonds by the Treasury Department during the present month, there is still an excess in receipts over expenditures since the 1st inst. of \$15,000,000. The surplus, as stated by the Treasurer in his last report is \$107,225,000.

—Mrs. Lizzie Hay, of Texas, deserves a chronicle. The "Louie Highwayman," as he was known, attempted to enter her house for the purpose of robbery Monday night and she let him have it with a needle gun, killing him instantly. He has been a terror to the State as a robber and murderer, and had repeatedly gone through stage loads of men—single-handed and got off with their valuables.

FARM AND TRADE ITEMS.

—J. M. Hall sold to M. F. Elkin 4 head of butcher stuff at 24.

—Farmers are paying from 8 to 10 cts. per shock for cutting corn.

—Waketield & Lee sold to John Gill, of Garrard, 50 yearling heifers at 34.

—Home raised timothy and clover seed pure and clean, for sale by F. Reid.

—No. 1 wheat reached the highest notch for years when 8 cars sold at \$1.12 at Minneapolis Tuesday.

—D. N. Prewitt has engaged for June delivery 500 lambs from various parties in this county at 64 cts.

—D. N. Prewitt shipped from this place to Cincinnati two car-loads of hogs, for which he paid from 5 to 54 cts.

—Reports of a short turkey crop come from all parts of the State, and that with Thanksgiving day growing on apace!

—Two Lincoln county horses ran 4th in races at Louisville Tuesday, G. A. Lackey's Santa Cruz and Scott Farris' Doc Dillon.

—Violin, valued at \$5,000, and Misty Way, at \$4,000, were burned in the fire at Shockey's stables in the Fair Grounds, near Louisville.

—The best time to sow timothy seed is in the fall, and it usually succeeds well sown with, or rather after, a seedling with winter grain. If the soil has been properly prepared for a seed bed for the grain, the grass seed will be amply covered by the first rain.

—D. C. Turhune last Friday bought 20 yearling mules of W. S. Varnsdall for \$1,600, and 5 of J. A. Huguey at \$79 each. On Saturday he bought 5 of C. C. Huguey at \$82.50 each, and 2 mule colts at \$50 per head and 13 others of various parties at \$12.50 to \$60 per head. [Danville Advocate.]

—At the public sale of Jerseys last week at Lexington, by Sherley, Middleton, Lynn, Wallace, Chinn and Black, 45 animals were sold at an average of \$70. The present tobacco crop in Central Kentucky is the largest ever planted both in acreage and size. Yet it is feared it will prove one of the most inferior crops ever raised. [Paris News.]

—J. A. Doty, of Garrard, has bought in this and adjoining counties a large number of cotton mules, for which he paid an average of \$90.

—The program of the Lexington trotting races, which will be held Oct. 8-12, is given in this issue and will be found of interest to the lovers of that kind of horse performances.

—A good crowd attended the sale of John D. Carpenter, dec'd, yesterday. 52 shares Hustonville bank stock sold at \$125 to \$127.50 and 30 in Farmers National Bank of Stanford at \$140.25 to \$141.50. 22 head of 3-year-old cattle sold at \$4.20; 10 yearling steers \$30.50; 18 head 1,450-pound cattle \$5.10 per cwt.; brood mares \$75 to \$147; saddle horses \$88; 2-year-old mules \$90; hogs 44 per pound; sheep \$4 per head; 20 acres of corn \$175 for the field.

—WINCHESTER COURT.—About 1,500 cattle on the market. The following sales were made: 60 good feeders, 1,190 lbs., at \$5.15; 54 extra feeders, 1,125 lbs., at \$5.35; 36 plain feeders, 950 pounds, at \$3.67; 10 plain feeders, 900 lbs., at \$3.01; 40 plain feeders of 1,050 lbs. at \$3.80; 28 plain feeders of 1,000 pounds, \$38.85; 28 extra feeders, 1,200 lbs., at \$4.35; 38 plain 900-pound feeders, \$34.75 each. The cattle market was not quite so good as last court day, due perhaps to the over-supply of common grades. About 400 mules on the market, 300 of which were sucklings, of which horse mules sold at \$45 to \$60 and good mare mules \$75 to \$105; 32 yearling cotton mules brought \$76 and 10 of slightly better grade \$80. [Democrat.]

—A well posted farmer desires us to call the attention of his brother farmers to clover growing and threshing. He tells us that while in this vicinity there is a fair crop grown, a larger acreage would bring more money in the county. For instance, the gentleman in question sowed 7 acres in clover, from which, after being grazed for a couple of months, he threshed out 22 bushels. Clover seed sells readily at \$6 per bushel and it will be seen that on the 7 acres he realized not only the \$132 which he sold the seed for, but had grass for his cattle all the year, save one month in which he gave the clover a chance to bud. There is little or no labor necessary, and we would suggest to our farmers to give clover growing and threshing their attention for at least one year. Put in 5 or 10 acres and see if it does not make you good and easy money.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

MRS. W. G. WELCH received a dispatch yesterday from Miss Mary Cox saying that her father, Dr. J. W. Cox, died at 1 p. m. He was pastor of the Christian church here for years and was much beloved. He was a man of much bearing and as editor or preacher he was able to cope with the best of them.

The First Step Against the "Trust."
Mr. Blaine has made many assertions since he came home that will not bear the light of investigation. One of them is his statement that "England is plastered all over with trusts."

The Globe has no special admiration for England, as our readers well know. But it has an admiration for truth, and truth compels us to admit that when Mr. Blaine made that remark he was "talking wild." As the New York Times' correspondent has shown, England is not plastered all over with trusts. In fact there are no trusts there in the sense in which the word is used in this country.

There cannot be a trust anywhere unless the production can be monopolized and the market "cornered." If there is any commodity of which England naturally has the exclusive production, that might be controlled by a trust; but there could be no such thing as a British trust in things which can be produced in other countries, for if such a trust were attempted goods would flow in from abroad and break the "corner." There might be an international world wide trust, but as long as England has free trade there could not be an English trust. And except in a few articles of very restricted production a world wide trust would be extremely difficult to hold together. [Boston Globe.]

Guillible Republicans.

In the intervals between sending out campaign documents, arranging with speakers, organizing clubs, and attending to the other details of an active campaign, the members of the Democratic Campaign committee in New York amuse themselves working off jokes on the reporters of the Republican organs about ferocious quarrels in the committee room and about Democratic prospects going to the demibottom bow-wows. The best part of the joke is that the Republican newspaper reporters and editors swallow it all down. [St. Louis Republic.]

More Ink Shed Than Bloodshed.
Col. Dudley says: "We shall make no attempt to carry any southern state, and I want to give the reason why. We want to avoid bloodshed." But the colonel's campaign methods have always been perfectly peaceable and pacifying, as the Indiana voters whose political prejudices were overcome with his crisp \$2 bills will cheerfully attest. A campaign on the floor plan of 1860 would not excite bloodshed anywhere, and Dudley's fears are wholly imaginary. [Chicago Herald.]

very now, indeed.

Mr. Upson Downes—If you see any thing of a two-dollar bill around here, Hoffman, I wish you'd hang on to it for me. I've just lost one out of my pocket.

Mr. Hoffman House—Was it a new bill or an old one?

Upson—Oh, a brand new one. I just borrowed it an hour ago. [Puck.]

Didn't Enjoy the Trip.

"How did you enjoy your trip abroad?" was asked of a New Yorker.

"Bestly stupid time. I didn't see a single base-ball game while I was gone." [Judge.]

SCARLET FEVER is a specific poison which emanates from the person of the patient, and can be caused by no other means. Diphtheria is contagious, may be caused by fermenting filth, etc. Typhoid fever and Asiatic cholera are not directly communicable from person to person, but are spread by the dejects of their victims, which contaminate the water supply.

FARMS. One of the best in Lincoln Co., 134 Acres; 50 Acre fruit farm and 300 Acre good land, will be sold October 31. Send for bill with complete information. B. E. KING, Moreland, Ky.

O. H. McROBERTS, M. D.,
STANFORD, KY.

Having removed to this place from Liberty, to practice his profession, calls the attention of the public to the fact that he will be ready at all hours day or night to answer calls in town or country. Thirty years of his life were spent in Stanford and he deems it unnecessary to speak of his ability as a physician and surgeon. A share of the patronage of the people of Stanford and vicinity is asked by him.

LUMBER YARD!

I have purchased the lumber yards of Messrs. George H. Weisen and J. M. Bruce and will open a big yard at the one purchased of Mr. Weisen. Besides lumber in rough and dressed, I will carry a large line of window sashes, doors and shingles, laths, posts and the picket fence formerly sold by Mr. Weisen.

WOOD WALLACE,
THE GENTS' FURNISHER,
513 4th St., Louisville.

The fashions of the day in the Gents' Furnish, ingline will always be found in my store. I am agent for the Indianapolis Steam Laundry, the best laundry in the world.

NEWCOMB HOTEL.
MT. VERNON, KY.

This old and well-known Hotel is still maintaining its fine reputation. Charges reasonable. Special attention to the traveling public.

JACKSON HOUSE.
LONDON, KENTUCKY.
CAPT. FRANK B. RILEY, PROPRIETOR.

Thoroughly Renovated and Refurnished, First-class Fare and Reasonable Prices. Day and night Trains are met by Police Porters at this Popular House.

NEW BUTCHER SHOP.

I have opened a butcher shop at Rowland in the Ferret Store house and am prepared to furnish the public with all kinds of meats, fish and oysters in their season. As hereafter I will continue running my wagon delivering meat to my customers in Stanford and vicinity.

S. C. DAVIS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
MT. VERNON, KY.

Office next door to Whitehead's Drug Store. Special attention given to diseases of children.

ICE, ICE, ICE!

I will deliver to regular customers in Stanford and vicinity every morning.

NEW COAL YARD.

I am Agent For The

SUPERIOR LILY COAL,

And will keep it constantly on hand in my yards in Stanford.

Also Lime, Sand and Hair.

Give me a Call
JOHN B. HIGGINS,
Stanford.

J. T. SUTTON & CO.,
HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Are still in the business and ready to do anything in the Undertaking line. We have a full stock of Cases and Caskets of all kinds and Robes of every description. Our charges, which are nearly new can be obtained on short notice. Mr. J. B. Green has charge of our business and will show our goods to any one needing anything in our line.

THE FLORENCE
WASHING MACHINE

I have bought the right to sell the Florence Washing Machine and am now prepared to furnish all who may wish to save their clothes from the rubbing and tearing incident to the old process of washing. Take one and try it and be convinced. I'll not worry you about buying unless you are fully satisfied as to its merits.

The undersigned have purchased the Florence Washing machine and after a thorough trial, we take pleasure in adding our testimony to its worth, and without hesitation pronounce it a success in every particular, doing all that is claimed for it: Wm. Daugherty, J. W. Wallace, Dr. Burne, Mrs. S. P. Salter, A. C. Sine, Bill Perkins, Lewis Dunderer, J. E. Lynn, L. L. Dawson, C. Vandy, Mrs. Amanda Peak, George Peyton, Alex. Holzclaw, C. C. Fields, Albert Camden, Sam Rainer, R. E. Harrow, A. M. Feland and many others.

R. B. GEOGHEGAN,
—SUCCESSOR TO—
M'MICHAEL, THE HATTER,
511 4TH AVENUE,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

The Nobbiest & Most Stylish
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FALL HATS,

Ever brought to the City of Louisville, now open including the world-renowned

KNOX & JOHN B. STETSON & CO'S HATS
And also my own importation of English Hats and Caps. An elegant line of Canes and Lyon's Celebrated Umbrellas always on hand. Fine

SEAL SKIN SACQUES, CAPS,
Gloves and other Furs, a specialty. Orders outside of city solicited, perfect satisfaction guaranteed. Don't fail to order a NORBY HAT. 21-171

OVERCOATS!

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Satinets and Kerseys,
Worsteds and Chin-
chillas.

In Light and Dark Colors and in Light
Medium and Heavy Weights.

Our Stock is Full of Fresh Goods.

Come Early and get Choice of Patterns and Sizes.

BRUCE & McROBERTS.

T. R. WALTON

Grocer,

MAIN & SOMERSET STREETS,

STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

Prices Always Reasonable
and Goods First-
Class.

GOOD EMPTY BARRELS FOR SALE.

NEW FURNITURE STORE!
MACK HUFFMAN, PROP.



Will keep constantly on hand a large and select line of Furniture and Undertaker's Goods. My prices will be as low as such goods can be bought in the cities. Give me a trial and you will be convinced that I sell lower than the lowest.

